

# DS SERIES SOLAR SYSTEM

# **PERMIT INFORMATION**



CONSOL 30-58-1800 COLLECTOR FLAT MOUNT ON METAL TILE ROOF VALVE VENT, OPEN LOOP

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# About Consol

Consol New Zealand is a full member of the Solar Industries Association and is accredited for supply and installation.

The Consol system is both AS/NZS 2712:2007 and Energy Efficiency & Conservation Authority (EECA) approved. A copy of Consol's AS/NZS 2712:2007 certification is included in Appendix 1.

# Product Description

This system is an evacuated tube system coupled to a stainless-steel cylinder with a valve vented open loop circuit.

The panel is 2450mm wide by 1890mm high. It is a lightweight panel at 20kg/m<sup>2</sup> and is fixed to the roof with rubber blocks to create an air space of 20mm between the frame and the roof.

The manifold and frame for mounting is manufactured from powder coated aluminium, while the tubes are borosilicate glass, and the fixings are galvanised.

All pipework on the solar circuit is 15mm copper insulated with 13mm wall Armaflex FR. All external insulation is wrapped to protect it from the elements.

Legionella is controlled by pumped circuit and auxiliary heating.

Consol solar systems are to be installed only by accredited installers.



# Pump Controller

The controller runs the system, and measures temperatures at the cylinder and manifold via temperature probes. This enables the controller to decide the optimal time to start the pump to transfer the heated fluid from the manifold to the cylinder. Power supply to the controller and pump are not to be located on a circuit controlled by the electricity supplier.

The pump controller protects the system against freezing and overheating. The operation instructions for the controller clearly outline the functions and settings of the system and need to be used in conjunction with the set up and future operation of the system.

The controller for this system requires three probes for accurate operation. Probe location is outlined in the controller operation and installation manual. Probe pockets are to be dry before being inserted.

A separate instruction manual for the controller is supplied.

# **Supplementary Heating Controller**

The controller manual also outlines the programming of the timing heating parameters necessary for efficient operation and should be followed.

This process is critical as the cylinder temperature must reach 60°C once a day to control the growth of legionella which is a human health hazard.

#### <u>Pump</u>

The pump is the means of transferring the heated fluid from the manifold to the cylinder and the cooler fluid from the cylinder to the manifold to be heated. The pump is controlled by the controller and needs a continuous supply of power to allow frost protection of the system. This should be prominently displayed. The pump should draw the coldest water from the bottom of the tank and return it at a higher point using the connection points recommended by the manufacturer.

When mounted securely the pump must be above the cylinder safe tray in case of leakage. An isolation value is to be located either side of the pump to enable ease of removal for servicing.

The pump has three settings and a flow meter is to be used to ensure the correct flow rate (30 litres/hr/m<sup>2</sup> of collector area). The controller manual outlines the settings for the pump and controller operation and changing these settings will affect system performance.



# <u>Valves</u>

The valves associated with the system are necessary for protection, operation, and maintenance of the system. The necessary valves are outlined in the schematic drawings of the plumbing diagrams. If draining the cylinder for maintenance of valves all electrical supply to the cylinder must be disconnected.

Pressure created by the system will be relieved through the cold-water expansion and temperature pressure relief on the cylinder. Easing of valves is to be carried out by a registered craftsman plumber. Tempering valve is necessary to reduce the water to a safe temperature.

The air relief valve is located at the highest point of the pipework. Use only CALEFFI SOLAR AIR RELIEF 250031, rated to 180° Celsius and 10 bar.

There is also a non-return value on the inlet line and outlet line of the collector, to and from the cylinder, and two shut off values either side of the pump.

# Pipeline and Insulation

- Use copper pipeline no less than 15mm.
- Use long radius bends to reduce resistance to flow rates. Pipework is to be flushed of foreign material.
- Pipework is to be pressure tested to 1.5 times the maximum working pressure prior to insulating.
- Insulation of the solar pipework is to be Armaflex FR.
- External insulation is to be foil covered to reduce degradation from the elements.
- The length of the pipework should be kept to a minimum to reduce the time for completing fluid transfer.
- Long pipe runs should incorporate expansion loops, horizontally formed to avoid air locks.
- Insulation material, insulation thickness, and operation method should comply with regional regulations.

### Water Tank

The Cooper solar-ready cylinder is constructed of Duplex stainless steel and is an integral component of the solar package.

The cylinder comes with a temperature and pressure relief valve that must be installed. Cylinders must be placed on a safe waste tray with a minimum diameter of 40mm if it is installed in a location that leakage could cause damage to property.



# **Technical Parameters**

# Water heater model number: Consol 30-58-1800 with the MP 300 cylinder

Date of AS/NZS 2712:2007 compliance approval: 2007

Manifold: unitary aluminium alloy manifold
Thickness: 1.9mm
Material of bracket: aluminium alloy 1.9mm
Material of heater pipe: T2 copper
Insulation material: rock wool
Thickness of rock wool: 96mm
Density of rock wool: 80kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Seal: silicon rubber
Hydraulic connections: copper pipe
Max. operation pressure 8 bar
Test pressure: 10 bar
Max. working temperature: 220°
Min. working temperature: -40°
Max. tilt angle: 45°
Min tilt angle: 15°
Thickness of water carrying tube: 0.8mm
Surface finish: powder coated
Permissible wind: 45m/s
Snow load: <0.6kpa

Information about the cylinder used			
Cylinder manufacturer	HJ Cooper Ltd		
Cylinder model number	MP180	MP250	MP300
Cylinder physical (total) volume	180L	250L	300L
Cylinder rated volume (if known)	180	250	300
Cylinder MEPS rated?	Yes		
Cylinder standing heat-loss (kWh/day at Tcyl	180L: 1.13	250L: 1.59	300L: 1.76
-Tamb) = 55ºC			
Test lab for standing heat-loss date of test	23/07/2005	10/08/2005	23/07/2005
Cylinder inner diameter	448mm		
Cylinder wall overall thickness (including all	1.0mm		
wall components, e.g. glass lining if	#2304 Duplex stainless steel		
applicable, inner metal shell, insulation,			
outer metal shell)			
Cylinder wall components' materials and	N/A		
individual thicknesses (the individual			
thicknesses of the wall components			
mentioned above)			
Thickness of insulation and type of foam	50mm nominal, exp	poly	
Number of elements in cylinder	1 standard with 2 <sup>nd</sup> o	optional	
Element power rating (in kW)	3 kW		



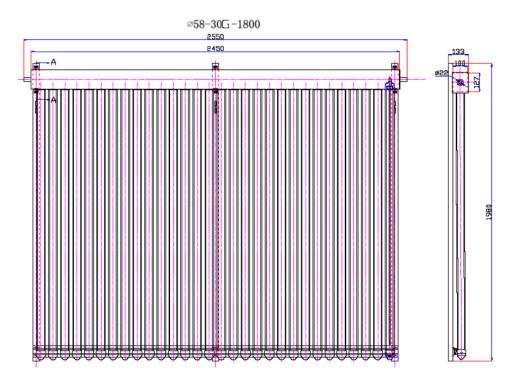
Height of element 1 from bottom of cylinder	Element dips down to 100mm from the bottom of the	
	cylinder	
	Night rate	
	1076mm	
	Day/night rate	
	335mm	
the cylinder		
	1076mm	
the cylinder		
Thermostat temperature difference	+/- 5°C	
between ON/OFF (temp dead band)		
Thermostat set point (1)	65°C	
Thermostat set point (2)	65°C	
5	340mm	
the cylinder		
,	No	
layer?	N/A	
	N/A	
layer?	1726	
5	1726mm	
cylinder from bottom of cylinder Height of inlet of dip tube connected to hot	N/A	
water draw-off port (if present)	N/A	
	5mm	
cylinder (from the bottom of cylinder)		
	e auxiliary boost controller	
	Range 2° - 15°C	
	Default valve is set at 8°C	
thermostat used)		
Timer settings (if timer used) for each	3 timer settings: morning, noon, night	
element		
0 ( )	Controller timer based hold off	
Frost protection settings (if used)	Frost protection range 2° - 10°C	
. ,	High temperature protection, temperature	
	difference circulation, timer-controlled circulation,	
	temperature-controlled circulation, temperature	
	controlled auxiliary heating settings	
Information about the solar collector Solar collector model no.		
	Evacuated tube system	
	SPF test report	
	4.725m <sup>2</sup>	
	2.833m <sup>2</sup>	
	2.429m <sup>2</sup>	
	98kg	
	Borosilicate	
	Al ni Al	
(e.g. black paint on copper)		



Collector inlet pipe inner diameter	20mm
Collector outlet pipe inner diameter	20mm
	to evacuated tube collectors
Heat pipe length (for evacuated tube systems)	1723
Header length	2450mm
Header inner diameter (for evacuated tube systems	33mm
Insulation material used for the header	Rock wool
How is heat transferred from the glass tube	Via a copper endothermic tube that inserts into
to the header/cylinder	socket in the manifold
Shape of fin (if used): either describe or sketch	Hamburger bun shaped aluminium fins
Reflectors	Individual stainless reflectors that insert between lower side of the tubes. The reflectors cover 80% of the collector area
Information about the dif	ferential controller and pump used
Differential controller model	SR868C6
Pump supplier and model number	WILO RS25/6
Pump flow rate	3 setting optimal 90-100 L/HR
Flow meter used on installation	No
Placement of panel sensor	Placed into socket welded to the insulated material
Placement of cylinder sensor 1 (cold) -	335mm
height above bottom of cylinder	
Placement of cylinder sensor 2 (if used) –	1397mm
height above bottom of cylinder	
Open or closed circuit	Open
	ework between cylinder and panel
Collector inlet pipe insulation material	Centurylon
Collector inlet pipe insulation thickness	25mm
Collector outlet pipe insulation material	Centurylon
Collector outlet pipe insulation thickness	25mm
Diameter of piping used (ID)	15mm
Height of hot water draw-off port on side of	310
cylinder from bottom of cylinder	Emm from bottom of gulinder
Height of inlet of dip tube connected to hot water draw-off port if there is one	5mm from bottom of cylinder
	General
General Llow does the system control stagnation Controller is fitted with a high temperature	
How does the system control stagnation events?	Controller is fitted with a high temperature protection feature. When a set temperature is reached the controller opens a valve on the inlet pipe and shuts off the pump. When the tank temperature lowers to a set parameter temperature the function is deactivated
How does the system control freezing events?	Frost protection via insulation and programme in the controller to avoid freezing
What is the maximum temperature the	Cylinder max. temperature is 90°C. The controller has
cylinder can withstand? How do you control	a function to stop the cylinder heating at set
over-temperature within the cylinder?	temperature.

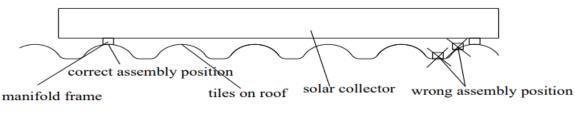


# **Collector Schematic**



# **Fixing**

Fixings are to be fastened through the top of the corrugations. The frame is to be set 20mm off the roof by way of rubber packers at the fixing points. Fixings are to be galvanised and securely fixed through the purlin into the roof truss.

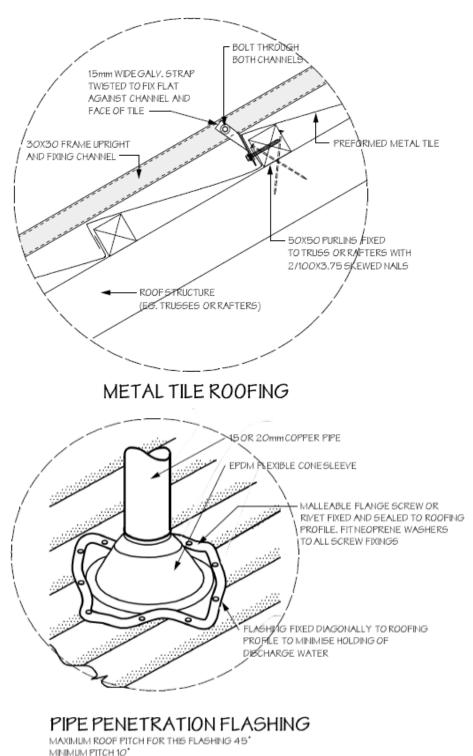


Frame upright can be adjusted by related situation about the roof.



# INSTALLATION DETAILS CONSOL'D' SERIES SOLAR COLLECTORS

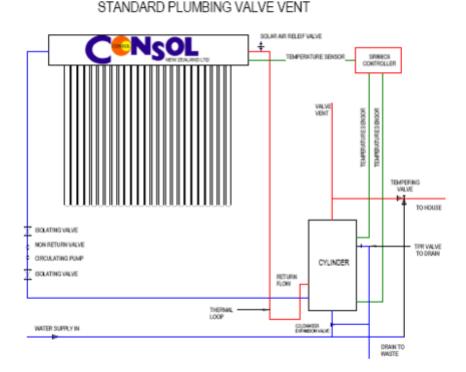
# PREFORMED METAL TILE ROOF



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# **Plumbing Diagram**



# **Connection of Controllers**

The installation and commissioning of the controller must be carried out by a registered electrician and must be completed in accordance with the operation and instruction manual. Care should be taken when wiring in the controller auxiliary heating where ripple control could disturb the operation of the system. The adjustment of controllers may adversely affect solar performance.

The controller controls the system components. It will operate the switching time of the cylinder and pump. There must be continuous power supply to the controller as the freeze protection function is operated by the controller. This system operates with three temperature probes that are wired to the collector, cylinder, and controller. Placement of the sensors according to the wiring diagrams is important. Sensor cables are to be protected from degradation by weather and animals.

The controller must be installed in a position that is accessible for servicing. Connection to the mains is via a plug and is not to be hardwired.

Functions of the controller include:

- Temperature difference controlling
- Temperature controlled auxiliary heating
- Time controlled auxiliary heating



- Temperature controlled hot water circulation
- Anti-freezing protection
- High temperature protection

# **Connection of Pump**

The pump in this direct system will draw the water from the low point of the cylinder, circulate it through the collector(s) and return the heated water at a higher point than the draw off point.

The pump used in this system is the WILO RS25/6.

The pump will be installed with isolation fittings either side that will allow for removal for maintenance or replacement.

This pump is designed to produce the hydrostatic head that may not be suitable for every application.

The pump is wired into and operated by the system controller.

The pump is to be mounted according to the manufacturer's instructions and according to the system layout diagrams.



The pump is fitted to the system by the installer and the wiring carried out by the electrician.

# **Connection of Cylinder**

The chosen cylinder for the Consol system is the Cooper Mains Pressure Stainless Steel Solar Ready MP series.

The cylinder comes standard with element and thermostat and temperature/pressure relief valve set to 850kpa and 90° Celsius (the cylinder has a manual resettable cut out button set at 85°). Cylinders are to be restrained as per building code. The thermostat should be set to 55° Celsius or 45° for elderly and child-care facilities. The cylinder is to be filled and vented prior to being energized by power or solar.

The cylinder is the storage for the water heated via solar gain and is to be correctly sized according to the water usage and the size of the collector. The cylinder has an electrical element to back up the solar. The electrical element is wired to and is controlled by the controller.

# Appendix 1



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Report 10/2	266	July 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 2010	Page 1/2
Customer: Attention:	Consol NZ Ltd PO Box 36409 CHRISTCHURCH 8146 Matt Wheelans		P1514/9

**Compliance Certificate** 

Appliance:	Consol NZ Ltd 58-1800 tube SHW systems
Standard Applied:	AS/NZS2712:2007
Full Report Ref.:	10/2229, 10/2150

Based on the information and results obtained during testing and assessment, the Consol NZ Ltd solar hot water systems comply with the type testing requirements of AS/NZS2712:2007. Systems covered by this certificate are listed below.

This compliance certificate relates only to the product sample tested. Any modifications to the product may invalidate the compliance results.

Our reports 10/2229 and 10/2150 gives details of the appliance, the assessment and the results obtained.

This report:

Prepared by: G. Looman

Approved by: W. S. Webley

Release Date:

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#### **HJ COOPER Ltd**

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To whom it may concern

This certifies that duplex stainless steel mains pressure cylinder with heat exchanger made by HJ Cooper Ltd complies with the relevant requirements of NZS4606.1:1989.

The type of cylinder mentioned above is listed on www.energyrating.govt.au.

Yours faithfully

Jason Chen

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Production Manager

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#### **HJ COOPER Ltd**

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To whom it may concern

This certifies that the hot water cylinder manufactured by HJ Cooper meets requirements of clause 3.3 of standard AS/NZS 2712:2007.

Yours faithfully

Jason Chen

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Production Manager.

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